# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For

PARENT PRESCHOOL RESOURCE CENTRE OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION INC.

For year ended MARCH 31, 2023





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

#### PARENT PRESCHOOL RESOURCE CENTRE OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION INC.

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Parent Preschool Resource Centre of the National Capital Region Inc. (the Centre), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Centre as at March 31, 2023 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Centre in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Centre or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Centre's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Centre's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Centre's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Centre to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Supplementary financial Information**

The supplementary financial information presented on page 11 was derived from the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The other information is presented only for the purposes of additional information, are not a required part of the financial statements and are marked as unaudited. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

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Ottawa, Ontario August 22, 2023.



# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# **MARCH 31, 2023**

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Investments HST receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 561,510 10,423 9,999 5,176 587,108	\$ 459,479 10,375 8,936 4,889 483,679
CAPITAL ASSETS (note 4)	32,527	53,478
	<u>\$ 619,635</u>	<u>\$ 537,157</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Deferred revenue  Deferred contributions (note 5)	\$ 97,998 - 294,509 392,507	\$ 47,934 1,273 249,202 298,409
DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS RELATED TO CAPITAL ASSETS (note 6)	33,410	<u>54,361</u>
NET ASSETS Unrestricted	425,917 193,718	352,770 184,387
	<u>\$ 619,635</u>	<u>\$ 537,157</u>

Approved by the Board:

Docusigned by:

Ushing Burnett

Docusigned by:

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Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

		<u>2023</u>		2022
Net assets, beginning of year	\$	184,387	\$	172,265
Excess of revenue over expenses	_	9,331	_	12,122
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$</u>	193,718	\$	184,387



# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

# YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Revenue Contributions		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>
City of Ottawa Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services Ontario Trillium Foundation Ottawa Community Foundation Government subsidy	\$	687,525 130,664 - 62,818 -	\$	652,165 120,606 106,389 60,111 10,000
Other Donations and fundraising	_	20,185 14,344 915,536	_	4,587 3,273 957,131
Expenses				
Salaries and benefits		630,580		722,689
Rent		57,995		43,473
IT and equipment		36,122		44,283
Program supplies		33,745		28,683
Amortization of capital assets		27,393		29,879
Office		22,695		8,515
Repairs and maintenance		22,464		18,853
Contracted services		17,039		6,927
Professional development		10,499		8,377
Travel		9,472		1,174
Professional fees		8,845		10,992
Advertising and promotion		8,006		2,065
Insurance		7,985		7,429
Telecommunications		4,480		5,420
Memberships and licenses		4,214		1,621
Bank fees		2,474		2,230
Utilities		2,197		2,399
	_	906,205		945,009
Excess of revenue over expenses	<u>\$</u>	9,331	\$	12,122



# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2023		<u>2022</u>
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	9,331	\$	12,122
Items not involving cash: Amortization of capital assets Amortization of deferred contributions related to		27,393		29,879
capital assets Increase in marketable securities Forgivable portion of loan		(27,393) (48) - - 9,283		(29,879) (1) (10,000) 2,121
Changes in non-cash components of working capital: Accounts receivable		-		564
HST receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,063) (287) 50,064		459 (280) 5,228
Deferred contributions Deferred revenue	_	45,307 (1,273) 102,031		(105,264) (10) (97,182)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets		(6,442)		(12,377)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Loan proceeds received (paid)  Additions to deferred contributions related to capital assets	_	- 6,442 6,442	_	(30,000) 16,048 (13,952)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		102,031		(123,511)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		459,479		582,990
CASH, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	561,510	<u>\$</u>	459,479



#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Parent Preschool Resource Centre of the National Capital Region Inc. (the "Centre") operates programs that provide support through information, education and outreach services to parents and caregivers of children living in the Ottawa area and to professionals within the family resource field.

The Centre was incorporated without share capital as a not-for-profit organization on December 23, 1976 under the Ontario Corporations Act. The Centre is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and, as such, is exempt from income taxes and may issue income tax receipts to donors.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Revenue recognition

The Centre follows the deferral method of accounting for restricted contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Fee for service revenue is recognized as revenue when the related service has been provided.

#### Measurement of financial instruments

The Centre initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value and, with the exception of cash, subsequently measures them at cost or amortized cost. Cash is subsequently measured at fair value.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following methods:

Computer equipment and software Office equipment Telephone equipment

3 year declining balance 5 years straight-line 10 years straight-line

#### Contributed materials and services

Contributed materials which are used in the normal course of the Centre's operations and would otherwise have been purchased are recorded at their fair value at the date of contribution. For the year ended March 31, 2023, there were no contributed materials recognized.

Volunteers contribute many hours per year to assist the Centre in carrying out its activities. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Cont'd.

#### Contributions

Contributions received are subject to specific terms and conditions regarding the expense of the funds. The Centre's records are subject to audit to identify instances, if any, in which amounts charged against contributions have not complied with the agreed terms and conditions and which, therefore would be refundable. Revenue from the amortization of deferred contributions and deferred contributions related to capital assets is presented on the statement of operations by contributing organization. Adjustments to prior years' contributions are recorded in the year in which the funder requests the adjustment.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant estimates include collectibility of amounts receivable, the useful life of capital assets and the determination of accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period they become known.

#### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Centre is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Centre's risk exposure and concentrations at March 31, 2023.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Centre is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Centre's maximum exposure to credit risk is the sum of the carrying value of its cash and its receivables. The Centre's cash is deposited with a Canadian chartered bank and as a result management believes the risk of loss on this item to be remote.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the adverse consequence that the Centre will encounter if it has difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Centre manages liquidity risk through its cash flow budgeting process. The Centre believes its overall liquidity risk to be minimal as the Centre's financial assets are considered to be highly liquid.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk.

#### i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Centre believes it is not exposed to significant interest rate risk on its fixed interest rate financial instruments, as this risk is limited to its investments in guaranteed investment certificates.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

#### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - Cont'd.

Market risk - Cont'd.

#### ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Centre operates entirely in Canadian dollars and as a result, management does not believe that it is exposed to significant currency risk.

#### iii) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market. Since the Centre does not have investments in publicly traded securities, it is not exposed to other price risk.

#### Changes in risk

There were no significant changes in the Centre's risk exposures from the previous year.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of the following:

	 2023			2022		)22	
	Accumulated Cost amortization			Cost	Accumulated amortization		
Computer equipment Office equipment Software Telephone equipment	\$  73,173 66,556 10,349 18,862 168,940	\$	60,926 46,276 10,349 18,862 136,413	\$	66,732 66,556 10,349 18,862 162,499	\$	48,508 32,965 10,349 17,199 109,021
Accumulated amortization	 136,413				109,021		
	\$ 32,527			\$	53,478		

### 5. **DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS**

Deferred contributions represents funds received in the current year to cover operating expenses in the subsequent year. The changes in the balance of deferred contributions are as follows:

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received in the year Recognized as revenue in the year Repayable to funder in the year	\$	249,202 995,429 (891,594) (58,528)	\$ 354,466 804,578 (909,842)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	294,509	\$ 249,202



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

#### 6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS RELATED TO CAPITAL ASSETS

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represents contributions received for capital assets and contributions relating to the acquisition of software. The variations in the balance of deferred contributions related to capital assets is as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received in the year Amortized to operations	\$ 54,361 6,442 (27,393)	\$ 68,192 16,048 (29,879)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 33,410</u>	\$ 54,361

#### 7. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Centre receives 89% (2022 - 93%) of its revenues from various levels of government. Should this funding not be continued or it can't be replaced, the Centre wouldn't be able to continue its operations at the current level.

#### 8. **COMMITMENTS**

Rental of space for operation of the Centre

The Centre has entered into an agreement with Ottawa Community Housing for the rental of space. The lease has an initial term of thirty-five years, which expires September 30, 2028. Rent for the initial term shall be comprised of basic rent of \$200,000 amortized over the thirty-five year term, additional rent being the Centre's proportionate share of the operating costs of the property and interest on the unpaid balance of the original \$200,000 basic rent. The balance of unamortized base rent as at March 31, 2023 is \$31,429 (2022 - \$37,143). The lease also allows for the Centre to prepay the basic rent without penalty. The lease will automatically terminate if the Centre ceases to exist as a non-share capital corporation or is no longer eligible for government funding. The Centre may renew this lease thereafter annually, for basic rent of \$1. The future minimum lease payments, including estimated operating costs, over the next five years are as follows:

2024	\$	60,039
2025		60,039
2026		60,039
2027		60,039
2028	<u> </u>	60,039
	\$	300,195

#### Lease of photocopier

On August 28, 2020, the Centre entered into a lease agreement with Konica Minolta for the rental of a photocopier, with lease ending March 31, 2026. The future minimum payments including estimated operating costs, are as follows:

2024 2025	\$ 6,005 6,005
2026	6,005
	\$ 18,015



# **SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES**

# MINISTRY OF CHILDREN, COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES - SERVICE CONTRACT/CFSA APPROVAL NUMBER C100265 (Unaudited)

# YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Contributions	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services subsidy	<u>\$ 130,380</u>	<u>\$ 120,606</u>
Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	103,053	92,850
Training	665	150
Building occupancy	7,520	7,175
Travel and communication	349	-
Supplies and equipment	6,733	5,930
Other program/service expenditure	-	2,441
Allocated central administration	<u>12,060</u>	12,060
	<u>130,380</u>	120,606
Excess of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ - </u>